

# The Hong Kong Daily Press

No. 7647

星期五

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1882.

一月

號九月十六英華

PRICE \$1 PER MONTH.

## SHIPPING.

### ARRIVALS.

June 16, CHINA, German steamer, 642, J. C. Schatz, Swatow 15th June, General.

YEN FAT HONG.

June 16, ELEOTIA, German steamer, 863, A. Müller, Caihou 16th June, General.

SIEGMUND & CO.

June 17, CAMELOT, British steamer, 1,049, James Boor, Amoy 15th June, General.

BUN HIN & CO.

June 17, DIAMANTE, British steamer, 514, Cullen, Manila 14th June, General.

RUSSELL & CO.

June 17, BENGALI, British str., 1,485, John Putter, Saigon 13th June, Rice—GINS, Livermore & CO.

June 17, BANGALOR, British steamer, 2,342, Hassall, Bombay 1st June, General.

P. & O. S. N. CO.

June 17, HENDERSON, German schooner, 155, H. Ufford, Port Natal 17th April, Ballast—TURNER & CO.

June 17, APOLLO, German steamer, 787, Pfaff, Swatow 16th June, Ballast.

STRASSNER & CO.

June 17, HAINAN, British str., 224, Mooney, Hainan 14th June, General—AFONG & SINGA LOON.

June 17, WELLS, German steamer, 323, Marmont, Swatow 17th June, Ballast.

MAYER & CO.

June 17, KIRK, British bark, 795, John Gads, Liverpool via Antwerp 27th March,

Cook—ADAMSON, Bells & CO.

June 18, YANTZEE, British str., 784, E. Lee, Canton 18th June, General.

SIEGMUND & CO.

June 18, NIKKO MARU, Japanese steamer, 1,098, J. Wyon, Kobe 11th June, and Nagasaki 14th, General—M. B. M. S. CO.

## CLEARANCES.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE.

JUNE 17TH.

Consolation, British str., for Bangkok.

Camelot, British str., for Singapore.

Ping-on, British str., for Hoibow.

Petitia, German str., for Chefoo.

Amy, British str., for Shanghai.

Glenfallach, British str., for Shanghai.

Boulder, British str., for Shanghai.

Lennox, British str., for Singapore.

Japan, British str., for Singapore.

## DEPARTURES.

June 17, OAKLANDS, British steamer, for Swatow.

June 17, MERNELAUS, British steamer, for Singapore.

June 17, VORWERTH, German steamer, for Hoibow.

June 17, JAPAN, British str., for Singapore.

June 17, MENZALEN, French steamer, for Yokohama.

June 17, LENNOX, British str., for Singapore.

June 18, MERIDIAN, Siamese 3-m. schooner, for Quinhon.

June 18, CAMELOT, British steamer, for Singapore.

June 18, PING-ON, British str., for Hoibow.

June 18, FELICIA, German str., for Saigon.

June 18, GENFALLOCH, British steamer, for Shanghai.

June 18, SINDE, French str., for Shanghai.

June 18, AMY, British str., for Shanghai.

## PASSENGERS.

### ARRIVED.

Per China str., from Swatow.—61 Chinese.

Per Consulat str., from Amoy.—320 Chinese.

Per Diamond str., from Manila.—Mrs. Barnard and 2 children, Messrs. Spain and Burke, and 201 Chinese.

Per Bombay str., from Saigon.—37 Chinese.

Per Bangalore str., from Bombay.—45 Chinese.

Per Hainan, str., from Haiphong.—50 Chinese.

Per Ningpo Maru, str., from Kobe via Nagasaki.—100 Chinese, Messrs. O. von Knobelsdorff, Lomas, and Calburg, and 5 Chinese and one Japanese.

## REPORTS.

The German steamer, *Amay*, reports left Swatow on the 16th, and had fresh S.S.W. winds, with a high and turbulent sea from S.E.

The British steamer, *Camelot*, reports left Amoy on the 15th June, having hard S.W. wind and high seas with occasional squalls and rain.

The British steamer, *Diamond*, reports left Manila on the 11th June, had fresh S.W. monsoon and equally weather the first part; latterly moderate and fine weather.

The British steamer, *Leviathan*, had fair weather on the morning of the 14th June, had fine weather across the Tonkin Gulf till 29th June. Arrived at Hainan on the 15th, sailed on the morning of the 16th, and had moderate southerly winds and hazy weather to port. In Haiphong str. Act.

## AMOY SHIPPING.

### ARRIVALS.

9 London American s.s., from Newswang.

20 Blackhull, British bark, from Shanghai.

10 Thales, British str., from Foochow.

10 Norden, Danish str., from Swatow.

11 Keeling, British str., from Shanghai.

11 Ellicott, German str., from Shanghai.

12 Hailong, British str., from Tamsui.

12 Arfamian, British bark, from Choofo.

12 Shing, British str., from Choofo.

12 Hainan, Chinese str., from Foochow.

13 Namoa, British str., from Swatow.

13 Camelot, British str., from Hongkong.

13 Queen of India, Brit. br., for N'chwang.

14 Novion, Danish str., for Shanghai.

15 Glomar, British str., for Singapore.

16 Tafel, British str., for Hongkong.

17 Kung-tung, Chinese str., for Swatow.

18 Fokine, British str., for Manila.

19 Henrik Ibsen, Norwegian str., for Taiwanoo.

20 Queen of India, Brit. br., for N'chwang.

21 Bellerophon, British str., for Singapore.

22 Lothair, British str., for Manila.

23 Bellerophon, British str., for Manila.

## AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

### None.

### NOW ON SALE.

THE HOUSEHOLD COMPANION.

AND TRAVELLING.

STUDENT'S FIRST ASSISTANCE.

BY DR. DAWY.

With many Additions, Corrections,

and Dr. Williams' Orthography.

Price—\$1.00.

In Paper Wrapper..... \$1.00

Nett by Bound..... \$2.00

Apply at the Daily Press Office.

## BANKS.

### ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER).

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £1,500,000.

LONDON BANKERS:

BANK OF ENGLAND.

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BANK OF SCOTLAND.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED

ON DEPOSITS:

At 3 Months' Notice, 3 per Cent. per Annum.

At 6 Months' Notice, 4 per Cent. per Annum.

Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1882.

## NOTICES OF FIRMS.

### NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of

MR. ARTHUR CHARL in our Firm

ceased on the 31st March, ultmo.

PEENWICK, CHARL & CO.

The business will be carried on by the remaining partner Mr. GEO. PEEN-

WICK under the name and style of

GEO. PEENWICK & CO.

Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. [436]

NOTICE.

We have been appointed Agents for the

W. MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, of

TOKIO, at this Port.

GEO. R. STEVENS & CO.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1882. [272]

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of

MR. CHARLES KAHL in our Firm

ceased on the 30th April, 1882.

REISS & CO.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [331]

TO BE LET.

(With Immediate Possession.)

THE NEW FAMILY RESIDENCE situated

next to the Esplanade on Robinson Road, with every convenience, Tennis Lawns, Stabling, &c.

HOUSING-INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of

2 per cent. per Annum on the daily balance.

Fixed Deposits—

For 3 months' per Cent. per Annum.

For 6 months' per Cent. per Annum.

For 1 year's per Cent. per Annum.

EARLY BIRD DISCOUNTED.

Cargoes granted an approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Draws granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Offices of the Company, No. 1, Queen's Road East, Hongkong, 2nd March, 1882.

E. I. BELLIOS.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1882. [1056]

TO LET.

Immediate Possession.

PARSEE VILLA, with GARDEN, Robin-

## NOW ON SALE.

**THE CHRONICLE & DIRECTORY**  
FOR  
CHINA, JAPAN, THE PHILIPPINE STRAITS  
SETTLEMENTS, COCHIN CHINA, SIAM, &c.  
For 1882.  
With which is incorporated  
**THE CHINA DIRECTORY.**

**THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY,**  
which is now in its  
TWENTIETH YEAR OF PUBLICATION,

has been considerably extended, both in the Directory proper and in the Appendix. The ports of CHUNGKING, WLADEVOSTOK, MACAO, and PANANG have been added to the former; whilst the latter includes the NEW ORDER IN COUNCIL for the Government of British Subjects in China and Japan, the AMENDMENT TO THE TREATY FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF BRITISH SUBJECTS IN CHINA AND JAPAN, the NEW TREATIES BETWEEN RUSSIA AND CHINA, the NEW TREATY BETWEEN GERMANY AND CHINA, a translation of the TREATY BETWEEN SPAIN AND ANNAM signed in 1880 &c.

The ALPHABETICAL LIST OF FOREIGN RESIDENTS has been increased by upwards of 1,100 names, and gives reference to over 2,000 NEW RESIDENTS.

**THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY** is embellished with the following Lithographed MAPS and PLANS:—

Code of SIGNALS in use at VICTORIA PEAK.  
MAP of the ISLAND of HONGKONG.  
MAP of the CITY of VICTORIA.  
MAP of the COAST of CHINA.  
MAP of the CITY of CANTON.

MAP of the FOREIGN SETTLEMENTS AT SHANGHAI.  
MAP of YOKOHAMA.

MAP of the TOWN and ENVIRONS OF SINGAPORE:

The large Edition contains ONE THOUSAND pages of printed matter. It is indispensable in every Mercantile Office in the Far East and will find a useful guide to those travelling either on business or pleasure.

**THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY**, published in Two Volumes—Complete at \$5; or with the List of Residents, Port Descriptions and Directories, Plan of Victoria, Code of Signals, &c., at \$3.

Orders for Copy may be sent to the *Daily Press* Office, where it is published, or to the following Agents:—

MACAO.....Messrs. A. de Mello & Co.  
SWATOW.....Messrs. Campbell & Co.  
AMOY.....Messrs. Wilson, Nickols & Co.  
HONGKONG.....Messrs. Wilson, Nuttall & Co.  
NANKING.....Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, S'ghai.  
SHANGHAI.....Messrs. Kelly & Walsh,  
NORTHERN & Messrs. Hall & Holtz and Kelly  
RIVER POETS.....Walsh, Shanghai.  
NAGASAKI.....The C. and J. Trading Co.  
HOKKO, OSAKA, The C. and J. Trading Co.  
YOKOHAMA.....Messrs. Linda Loysaga & Co.  
MANILA.....Messrs. Linda Loysaga & Co.  
SINGAPORE.....Messrs. Eagle & Co.  
LONDON.....Mr. F. Algar, Clement's Lane.  
LONDON.....Messrs. Gees & Co.  
LONDON.....Messrs. Bates, Head & Co.  
SAN FRANCISCO Mr. L. P. Fisher, 21, Merchants Exchange.  
NEW YORK.....Messrs. S. M. Pettigill & Co., 37, Park Row.

*Daily Press* Office, 8th February, 1882.

JOHN RISINSTEAD & SONS recently patented SOSTENANTE PLANOS with the new Iron Frame, made especially for China, have granted the HOUSES OF TRADE (including the LUXOR or HANOVER) the sole right to sell them in the principal International Exhibitions. Every plan is guaranteed for five years. Illustrated lists free, 10, 20, and 25 Wigmore Street, and the Birmingham Works, 10, Newgate Road, Kentish Town, W., London, agents for London.

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON AND CO.  
FANTIC AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

By Appointment to His Excellency the Governor and his Royal Highness the DUKE of EDINBURGH, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, PERFESSION.

PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS, DRUGGISTS' SUPPLYMEN, AND AERATED WATER MAKERS.

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS DEFINITE, PASSENGER SHIPS' SUPPLIED.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be addressed to the Firm, A. S. WATSON AND CO., HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS. Communications or Editorial matters should be addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The Manager," and not to individuals by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Advertisement and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until demanded.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JUNE 19TH, 1882.

The question of immigration continues to be the question of the day in Hawaii. Labour is urgently needed, and of all the sources of supply China is the most in favour with the planters, chiefly because the supply is largest and most certain. The Portuguese from the Azores are much appreciated as a useful class of immigrant, but their numbers are of course limited; and the Japanese would be warmly welcomed if their Government would permit them to emigrate; and by some of the planters the natives of India are sought after. But, as we have said, there are difficulties in the way of securing a regular influx of any of these people, and the Hawaiians are driven, as the Hawaiian Gazette puts it, back upon the Chinese. The natives in the island kingdom are slowly dying out, and at no very distant date some other race will step into their inheritance. This is a contingency the Hawaiians have to face, and if they are wise they will not leave it to chance. King KALAKAUA has paid some attention to this question, and he is very anxious to encourage the immigration of a race that will blend with the Hawaiians, and prevent their complete extinction. This is a natural and laudable desire, and if possible it should be accomplished. But it is not an easy matter to find a cognate race to the Hawaiians; the Polynesians are dying out wherever the breath of civilization has penetrated. A mixed race will in the future populate the little kingdom, and it depends entirely upon the action of its present rulers

what that race will be composed of. The Hawaiian Government should come to some definite decision, if possible, and offer distinct advantages to the immigrants they wish to attract. The Chinese are sure to find their way to Honolulu whatever happens, if not direct from China, then by way of San Francisco. If the Hawaiian Government decide, however, to seek the main portion of their immigrants from China we believe little difficulty will be placed in the way, though perhaps special or direct sanction to the immigration might not be given from Peking.

The existence of Secret Societies in China is undoubtedly the greatest danger the Government of that country have to fear. These Societies are powerful both by their organisation and numbers, and their ramifications spread through whole provinces. Almost every outbreak that has occurred in the Central Kingdom during the sway of the present dynasty has had its origin in, or gathered strength by its connection with, these Societies. A correspondent of our Shanghai morning contemporary, remarking on the causes which lead to such insurrections, very truly says that the common people in China live so close to their means that the least disturbance of the balance between production and consumption may overturn society, and there are always abundances of grievances lying about ready to be made use of as pretences for rebellion. A revolt has lately broken out in Shantung, which serves to illustrate how outbreaks often occur in the Celestial Empire. The inhabitants of a village in Tung-chung Fu had some unredressed grievances, possibly arising from the rapacity of officials, and they at length took the field with the determination of making a levy on a neighbouring village. From this small beginning it seems probable that, unless vigorous action is taken, a formidable revolt may be developed. The leaders of this rising are, as usual, members of a Secret Society, and it is therefore the more necessary that the movement should not be allowed to grow. Mr. VAUGHAN, in his work on the Chinese in the Straits Settlements, asserts that the Hoys or Secret Societies assist in the maintenance of order, and that they have no political aims or objects. They may, however, even in the Straits—where they certainly have in Java and the Philippines—become an imperium in imperio when any questions affecting their interests crop up, and hence it is of the utmost importance to keep a watchful eye upon the Hoys in any country where the Chinese settle. In China, however, the case is far different. In many cases these Secret Societies are anti-dynastic, or else they aim at the overthrow of the provincial officials. The Taiping Rebellion grew out of the same cause, and, if allowed to make headway, any rising in China might by degrees attain equal dimensions, as it would be constantly recruited by the lawless and discontented, to whom a career of plunder and rapine would offer powerful attractions. Fortunately for the Peking Government, they are now in a better position than they ever were to suppress rebellion, having numerous gunboats and a good supply of arms at their command, but would be true wisdom for them to hand their energies to the work of reforming the administration and to relieving the people from the yoke of mandarin oppression. When justly governed, the Chinese are as little disposed to rebel as any race in the world, and public opinion among them is then always found to be hostile to the disturbers of peace.

The P and O steamer *Kedive*, with the outward English mail, left Singapore at 8 a.m. on Saturday for this port.

His Excellency the Administrator has appointed Mr. Robert Kenway Leigh to be Acting Assistant Surveyor-General.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1882 (Regulation of Chairs and Vehicles) has been approved by Her Majesty.

The Agents (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.) inform us that the steamer *Glenrae*, from London, left Singapore for this port on the 17th instant.

Holders of China Silver Refining Company's Bonds will be interested in the list of numbers drawn, which will be found in our advertising columns.

The appointments made in the Post Office consequent on the death of Mr. Sanchez of the Manila Consulate have been approved by the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

It is notified in Saturday's *Gazette* that His Excellency the Administrator has received, provisionally and until further notice, Mr. O. E. von Möller as Acting Consul for Germany at this port during the absence of Mr. G. Travers.

The M. D. Co.'s barque *Kanagawa Maru*, Capt. Ekstrand, left Nagasaki, on the 9th inst., bound for Hongkong, with a cargo of Takasago coal. She is (the *Rising Sun* believes) the first Japanese sailing vessel that called for Hongkong.

A notification in the *Gazette* states that the Secretary of State for the Colonies has granted Mr. William McKinley, Acting Fourth Master of the Government Central School, an extension of six months' leave on half salary commanding on the 4th proximo.

A wealthy Chinese merchant named, according to the spelling of the Manila papers, Ayala, by Quince was drowned at Manila on the 1st instant, through a boat accident. The body was dragged for and recovered the same evening. The funeral was celebrated the following morning with great pomp and display.

The Singapore Times says that His Excellency W. M. Treacher, Governor of the North Borneo Company's concession, accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel Papillon, R.E., commanding the Royal Engineers in China and the Straits Settlements, left Singapore for Borneo on the 9th inst., in the Company's handsome steam yacht *Irida*, formerly the *Isle de France*, the transfer of name and flag having been effected.

On Saturday afternoon an inquest was held at the Civil Hospital, before the Coroner, Mr. H. Webber, and a jury composed of Messrs. G. Holmes, H. Hindmarsh, and J. C. Hughes, on the body of a Chinaman named Wong Ahong. For some time past the deceased had been suffering from sickness, and on seeking his relatives he had been removed to the Tung Wah Hospital for treatment. His nephew placed him in a jinrikisha, telling the coolie where to take him, and followed behind. The people had however, left the deceased too long, for he was very near his end when it was decided to remove him, and he died in the jinrikisha before it reached the Hospital. The police then had to hurriedly remove to the Civil Hospital, where he was admitted. Although in these circumstances we had been defeated by the Boers, Mr. Gladstone "backed down" to the Radical threat, to the amazement of the world, to the indignation of the army and the shame and destruction of British prestige. In fact he went so far as to desert those who had aided England during the war with the Boers.

The trial began, beginning at Midlothian, he introduced his celebrated "hands off Africa" policy. Lord Beaconsfield favoured Austrian dominion in the Balkan peninsula, and brought about the conclusion of Bonn and Herzegovina to Austria. Lord Beaconsfield's object was to establish a counterpoise against Russian influence in the Balkans, but he entered into no alliance of an

entangling nature. The result was simply this: Germany, seeing that Austria single-handedly unable to cope with Russia, and seeing that, too, that Russian ascendancy in the Balkans would afford France the opportunity of revenge, so ardently sought for, formed a loose alliance with Austria in an event which the Conservative called the "Balkan League." This policy had been adopted nor questioned, but apart from the spirit of contradiction which runs rampant in Mr. Gladstone's breast, this policy did not suit him. He hated Austria for his cruelty, his perfidy and treachery, and he abominated the Treaty of Berlin which indeed it was. This policy has been adopted nor questioned, but apart from the spirit of contradiction which runs rampant in Mr. Gladstone's breast, this policy did not suit him. He hated Austria for his cruelty, his perfidy and treachery, and he abominated the Treaty of Berlin which indeed it was. 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## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY, 17th June.  
EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—	
Bank Bills, on demand.....	394
Bank Bills, at 30 days sight.....	393
Credits, at 1 month's sight.....	3910
Credits, at 4 months' sight.....	3101
Documentary Bills, at 1 month's sight.....	3103

ON PARIS.—	
Bank Bills, on demand.....	480
Credits, at 4 months' sight.....	438
ON BOMBAY.—Bank, 3 days' sight.....	228
ON CALCUTTA.—Bank, 4 days' sight.....	228

ON SHANGHAI.—	
Bank, 30 days' sight.....	73
Private, 30 days' sight.....	73

SINGAPORE.—	
Banks and Decline are both slightly weaker, with sellers of the former at 122 per cent. premium and of the latter at 51 per cent. premium. Hongkong Fives have been done at \$935, while there are buyers of Chinas at \$292 per share. There are sellers of Chinese Insurances at \$290 per share.	
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares—122 per cent. premium.	
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$1,625 per share ex dividend.	
China Trade Insurance Company's Shares—120 per cent. premium.	

North China Insurance—118, 1225 per share ex dividend.	
Fangtze Insurance Association—118, 850 per share.	
China Insurance Company—\$230 per share.	
Taiwan Insurance Company, Limited—118, 148 per share.	
Caution Insurance Company's Shares—120 per cent. premium.	

China Fire Insurance Company's Shares—\$292 per share.	
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company's Shares—51 per cent. premium.	
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.'s Shares—128 per cent. premium.	
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Shares—3 per cent. premium.	
Hongkong Gas Company's Shares—\$82 per share.	

Hongkong Hotel Company's Shares—\$105 per share.	
China Star Refining Company, Limited—\$170 per share.	
China Star Refining Company (Debtors)—3 per cent. premium.	
Lancon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$120 per share.	
Hongkong Ice Company's Shares—\$131 per share.	

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1874—\$109 Nominal.	
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1877—\$107 Nominal.	
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1882—2 per cent. premium.	
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1881—23 per cent. premium.	

HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.	
YESTERDAY, 17th June.	
Barometer—9 A.M. ....	30.86
Barometer—1 P.M. ....	30.82
Barometer—4 P.M. ....	30.83
Thermometer—9 A.M. ....	84
Thermometer—1 P.M. ....	84
Thermometer—4 P.M. ....	80
Thermometer—8 A.M. (Wet bulb) .....	80
Thermometer—1 P.M. (Wet bulb) .....	80
Thermometer—4 P.M. (Wet bulb) .....	80
Thermometer—Hatched (dry bulb) .....	84
Wind—S.E. force 3.	78

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.	
June 17th.	
BAROMETER.	
Thermometer.	
Barometer—9 A.M. ....	30.86
Barometer—1 P.M. ....	30.82
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AMOY.	
At about 10 A.M. on the 17th inst., a lot of coolies, who had been working on some felling Mousa, Johnson & Co.'s premises and behind Messrs. Russell & Co.'s on the British Concession, Amoy. The origin of this fight was, it is alleged, the refusal of the head coolie to pay over the wages of the rest. Stones were freely used on the occasion, besides spears, spikes, and knives. The row lasted for half an hour or more with the result of severe injuries to many of the combatants, including the head coolie who was trying to stop the others. One of the men has been taken to hospital, and a party of coolies, who are reported to be members of a well-organized system of police, is much needed to quell such scenes of disturbance, which has of late become of very frequent occurrence.—Gazette.	
LATE TELEGRAMS.	
[FROM INDIAN PAPER.]	
LONDON, 17th June.	

The debate on the Repression Bill was resumed in the House of Commons yesterday. Mr. Dillon said that since evictions were being continued he would refuse to denounce the outrages. Mr. Gladstone strongly reprobated Mr. Dillon's attitude and said that repressive measures in Ireland were imperative. The House agreed to an adjournment of the debate.	
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LONDON, 17th June.	
The House of Commons adjourned to the Whitehorne room until Thursday morning.	
LONDON, May 31st.	
The Land League are appealing for funds, there having been a heavy decrease in the contributions since the Dublin assassinations.	
CARDO, May 26th.	

The Diplomatic Agents of England and France have delivered their ultimatum to the President of the Council of Ministers, and the terms of the ultimatum have been accepted by the French Government. The ultimatum demands that the Turkish Commission be summoned to Egypt. The ultimatum was issued on the 21st ultimatum.	
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LONDON, May 27th.	
The state of affairs continues to be alarming, and anti-Turkish, the Khedive, and the ministers of the Notables and the other heads of the military has reinstated Arabi Pasha. A Turkish Commission is being sent out from Constantinople to Egypt. It is believed that the Porte, desirous of intervening, severely supported the military party.	
Cairo, May 28th.	
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St. Petersburg, May 29th.	

The coronation of King Edward VII is postponed until next May, and while three commissioners are appointed for the purpose of drafting a scheme for the representative institutions.	
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London, May 29th.	
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London, May 29th.	

Thomas Street, Liverpool, by Percy Russell, the Illustrated Painter, or Publisher, etc., may be had gratis from any Chemist or dealer in perfumery in the World, or John Gough and Co., London. [Advt.]	[68]
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## VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING.

DESTINATION	VEHICLE'S NAME	CAPTAIN	AT	
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## EXTRACTS.

## THE FISHERMAN'S SONG.

Down in the wide, gray river,  
The current is swooping strong;  
Over the wide, gray river,  
Plays the fisherman's song.  
The one stroke times the singing,  
The song falls with the oar;  
And an echo in both is ringing,  
I thought to hear no more.

Out of a deeper current  
The song brings back to me  
A cry from mortal silence,  
Of mortal agony.

Life that was spent and vanished,  
Love that had died of wrong,  
Hearts that are dead in living,  
Comes back in the fisherman's song.

I see the maple leafing,  
Joat as they lie before;  
The green grass comes no greener  
Down to the very shore.

With the rude strain swelling, sinking,  
In the cadence of days gone by,

As the ear from the water drinking  
Sipples the mirrored sky.

Yet the song has life divine;  
Its past returns no more,  
But it echoes, that answer the minor  
Of the boat song from the shore.

ROSE TERRY COOKE.

**JUSTICE EAST AND WEST.**  
"I hate to live in a new country," said Jones, "where there is no law." "Yer bet the yar," chimed in Thompson. "Law is the only thing that keeps us out of everlasting chores." "Yes, indeed," said a legal gentleman. "It is the bulwark of the poor man's liberty, the shield which the strong arm of justice throws over the weak, the solace and the balsam of the unfortunate and wronged, the—"

"Oh, stop 'er," remarked a man with one eye. "I won't have it that way. Law is a wise invention for rascals of all grades. Give me a country where there is no law, and I can take care of myself every time. Now, for instance, when I lived in Ohio I got a dose of law that I will never forget. I was in partnership with a man named Butler, and one morning we found our cashier missing, with \$3,000. He had dragged the safe and put out. Well I started after him, and caught him in Chicago, where he was sprawling around on the money. I got him arrested and there was an examination. Well, all the facts were brought out, and the defense proved that the case be dismissed, as the prosecution did not make out a case in the name of the firm, and if that was a firm the partnership had been shown by any evidence before the Court. To my astonishment the Court said the plea was O.K., and dismissed the case. Before I could realize what was up the thief had walked off. Well I followed him to St. Louis; and there I took him again. I sent for my partner, and we made a complete case, going for him in the name of the Commonwealth and Smith, Butler & Co. Well, the lawyer for the defense claimed that the money being taken from a private drawer in the safe was my money exclusively, and that my partner had nothing to do with it; that the case should be presented by me individually, and not by the firm. The old 'bloke' who sat on the bench wiped his spectacles, grunted round a while and dismissed the case. A way good that again. Then I got another bitch on him and tried to convict him of theft, but the Court held that he should be charged with embezzlement. Some years after I tackled him again, and they let him go. Statutes of limitation, you see. Well, I concluded to give it up, and I did."

"But about four years afterwards I was down in Colorado, and a man pointed to another and said: 'That fellow has just made a hundred thousand in a mining swindle.' I looked, and it was my old cashier. I followed him to the hotel, and nailed him in his room with the money. Now, I says: 'Biffy, do you recognize your old boss?' and, of course, he did. Says I: 'Bill, I want that three thousand you stole from me, with the interest, and all legal and travelling expenses.' 'Ab, you do?' says he; 'I didn't the courts decide that—'

"'Curs the courts,' says I, putting a six-shooter a foot under his nose. 'This is the sort of legal document that I'm travellin' on now. This is the complaint, warrant, indictment, judge, jury, verdict and sentence all combined, and the firm of Colt & Co., New Haven, are my attorneys in this case. When they talk they talk straight to the point of your mug; you bloody lackey that. This your mug, six of which I am foreman, is liable to be discharged at any moment. No technicality of Statutes of Limitation here, and a stay of proceedings won't last over four seconds. I want \$10,000 to square my bill, or I'll blow your blasted brains out.' Well, I passed over the money right away, and said he hoped there'd be no hard feelings. Now, there's some Colorado law for you, and it's the kind for me. Eh, boys?" and the crowd, with one accord, concurred in the cheapness and efficacy of the plan by which a man could carry his court on his hip, instead of appealing to the blind godless in Chicago and St. Louis."

Salt Lake Tribune.

**OLD INHABITANTS.**  
AN INVESTIGATION AS TO THE AGES OF THE PATRIMONY.

On a full examination of the question of patriarchal longevity, the disparity of their ages to those of latter times disappears. A very light error in the translation of the Hebrew numbers had led to all this apparent disparity. The age of the antediluvian was not to exceed 120 years. Genesis, vi, 3. "And the Lord said, my spirit shall not always strive with man, for that he is also flesh, yet his days shall be 120." This was the regular good old age of men, with special variations, both before and for some time after the days of Abraham.

In reading concrete numbers the Hebrews gave the large number first; thus: Ninety and seven for 97, forty and seven for 47. The reversal of this rule in the translation of Genesis v, 5, as an illustration, will show the error in all similar cases. Adam lived a 130 years, and begat a son, etc. This is correct according to the rule. Seth was born when Adam was 130 years old, and was his last child. But if the rule were reversed, as it is in the authorized version, in the fifth verse, it would read thus: "Adam lived 3,000 years, and begat a son." This shocked the consciousness of the Christian translator, and he was driven to the true rule of the Hebrew uses in case of concrete numerals.

In the fifth verse we have the force of the violated rule, thus: "And all the days that Adam lived were 930 years, and he died!" A. V. The true reading of the rule would be, "And all the days of Adam, which he lived, were a hundred years, and thirty and nine years, and he died," making the entire age of Adam 139 instead of 930 years.

It will be seen on examination that concrete numerical adjectives in Hebrew, as in other languages, agree in number with nouns. In the case cited in the A. V. the noun is made to agree with hundred in the singular, and not with years in the plural. The error is seen at a glance, for the difference between "nine years" and "nine hundred years" is too great to be overlooked in any careful translation of a sacred book. The translator assumed that nine here agrees with the hundred, when it had no such agreement; but hundred in the text is itself a concrete numeral, and separately agrees with years, meaning a hundred of years; at the date of this writing "nine hundred," or any number of hundreds above one, without repetition or circumscription. There were none of the masonic points in use. In the case of the age of Terah, the father of Abraham, the translator have made the attempt to make two hundred out of one hundred in the word mathim, used in the plural as it might be to agree with years, thus making Terah 205 instead of 105 years old at his death; holding the theory that the word mas (or 100) would be in the plural, mathim, mathi twenty. This is contrary to all rule. The Hebrew could, by pluralizing a numeral less than 10, add tenfold to the unit, thus: heosh, 6, heoshim, 50. This rule, applied in case of Terah, would make him ten times 105 years old, or 1,050 years old. In the case of Terah the historic record conclusively contradicts the translation, and hence demonstrates the rule that pluralizing 100 does not, in the Hebrew tongue, make 200, while as to the numerals between 2 and 10 the rule might apply thus: shelesh, 3, shelehim, 30, and in like manner to 10. With these corrections, referring to the ages of the patriarchs before the Noahian deluge, the article of M. de Solarié would show a wonderful uniformity in the age of man since the dawn of history.

From Adam to the flood the ages would read as in the table below, subject to a few uncertainties in the numbers below 100, as the numerals are sometimes pluralized for purposes of agreement, when they were not increased tenfold. The cases are not always certain; this table is the flood is substantially true. The table is added, giving the ages of each at the time of his death:

1. Adam, 130 years, and not 930 years.  
2. Seth, 121 years, and not 912 years.  
3. Enoch, 114 years, and not 935 years.  
4. Cain, 119 years, and not 910 years.  
5. Methuselah, 120 years, and not 935 years.  
6. Jared, 117 years, and not 962 years.  
7. Enoch, 114 years, and not 365 years.  
8. Methuselah, 120 years, and not 963 years.  
9. Lamech, 117 years, and not 777 years.  
10. Noah, 155 years, and not 950 years.  
Average, 120 plus years.—*Populus Scienza*.

## INSURANCES.

## NOTICE.

The Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD of UNDERWRITERS.  
**ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.**  
Hongkong, 4th September, 1879.

## RECORD OF AMERICAN and FOREIGN SHIPPING.

Agents:  
**ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.**  
Hongkong, 4th September, 1879.

## STANDARD FIRE OFFICE, LONDON.

The Undersigned having been appointed Agents to the above Company at this Port, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$20,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.

Discount 20%.

**VOGEL & Co.**

Hongkong, 1st March, 1880.

## NOTICE.

The Undersigned having been appointed Agents to the above Company at this Port, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$20,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.

Discount 20%.

**VOGEL & Co.**

Hongkong, 10th September, 1880.

## FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED, LONDON.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents to the above Company at this Port, and are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$20,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.

Discount 20%.

**VOGEL & Co.**

Hongkong, 10th September, 1880.

## TUE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

It is prepared to ACCEPT FIRST-CLASS RISKS at 1% per Annun. and other Insurances at Current Rates.

JAS. B. GOUGHERTE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 27th March, 1880.

## TRANSAANTLATIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

**STEINMANN & Co., Agents.**

Hongkong, 16th November, 1879.

## THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEON YOUNG, President.

CHAN HUP, Esq. YOH CHENG PEU, Esq.

CHAN LI CHOY, Esq. YOH CHUN, Esq.

THE COMPANY GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of its Agencies.

Contributory Dividends are payable to all Contributors of Business, whether Shareholders or not.

**WOO LIN YUEN, Secretary.**

HEAD OFFICE—No. 2, Queen's Road West, Hongkong, 14th March, 1881.

## SUN FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are prepared from this date to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the Reduced Tariff Rates to the extent of \$50,000 on First-class Risks.

**LINSTEAD & DAVIS, Agents.**

San Fire Office.

Hongkong, 12th May, 1881.

## INSURANCES.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, to the extent of \$10,000 on First-class Risks.

**MALIBU RISKS.**

Policies granted on First-class BulMines to an extent of \$20,000 at Current Loss Rates.

**RUSSELL & Co., Agents.**

Hongkong, 1st January, 1874.

## THAMES AND MERSEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—1, ROYAL EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, LONDON.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, allowing usual discounts.

**ADAMSON; BELL & Co., Agents.**

Hongkong, 4th May, 1881.

## DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Head, Chairman.

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY AT HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT INSURANCES to the extent of \$65,000, on first-class risks at current rates.

**MELCHEERS & Co., Agents.**

Hongkong, 27th March, 1876.

## FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept Fire Risks at Current Rates.

**EDWARD SCHELLHAAS & Co., Agents.**

Hongkong, 27th May, 1882.

## THE LONDON ASSURANCE COMPANY INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF KING GEORGE THE FIRST.

A.D. 1726.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation, are prepared to grant Insurances as follows—

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Policies at current rates, payable either here, in London, or at the principal Ports of India, China, and Australia.

**FIRE DEPARTMENT.**

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000, at reduced rates.

HONGKONG, 20th JULY, 1872.

## PHENIX FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE at the following Rates—

On General European Risks at 1% Net per Annun.

On American Risks at 1% Net per Annun.

On Fire-class Goldmms. at 1% Net per Annun.

On Petrolous in Li-licens Godmms. at 1% Net per Annun.

On First-class Chinese Risks at 1% Net per Annun.

On Second-class Chinese Risks at 1% Net per Annun.

Tonaments at 2% Net per Annun.

Douglas LaPauk & Co., Agents.

Agents for Phoenix Fire Office.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1881.

## HONGKONG MARKETS.

AS REPORTED BY CHINERS ON THE 17TH JUNE, 1882.

## COTTON GOODS.

American Drills, 39 yards, per piece.....

American Drills, 15 lbs., per piece.....

Cotton Yarn, No. 10 to 42, per 400 lbs.....

Cotton Yarn, No. 33 to 42, per 400 lbs.....

Cotton Yarn, No. 10, per piece.....

Cotton Yarn, No. 10, per piece.....

Cotton Yarn, No. 10, per piece.....